

[비연계]

18. 다음 글의 목적으로 가장 적절한 것은?

While the creative work and media plans you have developed for our print and broadcast campaigns have been quite good, our concern is that your agency isn't currently equipped to offer us the kind of support we need in terms of new media. As a software manufacturer, it's critical that we reach our target audience via nontraditional media; further, our Web site is a crucial medium for us. In my opinion, I have two choices at this point: I can meet with you and your department heads to discuss ways your agency can address our company's needs, or I can engage another agency to develop our company's Web site, online creative work, and online media plans. Before considering the second option, why don't we get together later this month to review the resources you can provide for us? Let's set a date and see if we can make this work.

- ① 협력 업체 변경을 통보하려고
② 홍보용 인쇄물 제작을 의뢰하려고
③ 인터넷 광고의 유용성을 강조하려고
④ 새로운 소프트웨어 개발 업체를 선정하려고
⑤ 웹사이트 제작을 맡은 업체에 협의회를 제안하려고

[14년 EBS N제 1회 8번 응용]

19. 다음 글의 요지로 가장 적절한 것은?

A graduation ceremony is not a necessary condition for being a graduate. But the ceremony is an outward sign that communicates to students and others present that the students have met an important milestone and are at a time of significant change. Without participating in the ritual, it is unlikely that those present will otherwise experience an "Ah-ha" moment when they realize that life has changed. A school registrar marking a transcript indicating that a student has graduated does not communicate the passage of time and change in life circumstances that a graduation ceremony conveys. At the same time, the graduation ceremony is not a sufficient condition for being a graduate. If a student participates in the ritual but in fact has not completed all the requirements and the school does not mark on his transcript that he has

graduated, his participation in the graduation will not make him a graduate.

- ① 졸업식은 졸업생의 입장에선 나름대로의 의미가 있다.
② 졸업식은 졸업생으로 인정받기 위해선 반드시 필요한 절차다.
③ 학적 담당자는 졸업식에서 졸업생들에게 결정적인 역할을 한다.
④ 깨달음의 순간을 체험하기 위해서라도 졸업식 참석은 반드시 중요하다.
⑤ 졸업식은 졸업생이 되기 위한 필요조건은 아니지만 충분조건은 성립된다.

[14년 EBS 수능특강 14강 5번 응용]

20. 다음 글에서 필자가 주장하는 바로 가장 적절한 것은?

In an equity-based approach, actions of educational institutions are designed to correct social, cultural, linguistic, and other differences. These actions might include, for example, English as a second language (ESL) programs that help immigrants acquire the language of instruction so that they can learn in English as soon as possible, while nurturing their native tongue. Equity can be applied to gender gaps, economic gaps, or any other group disparities in educational outcomes created by social injustices. Equity-based approaches are controversial, however, because some students receive resources not given to all students. This raises questions about fundamental ideas of fairness (understood as everybody getting exactly the same things) that are deeply embedded in U.S. belief systems. However, an equity-based approach argues that "fairness" has to be seen in a larger perspective. A teacher made the following analogy: "Everyone gets a pen, but maybe some people need help using that pen because they have only used pencils before."

* equity-based approach 공평성 중심의 접근법

- ① 교육기관은 불평등이나 사회적 차별을 막는 기능을 수행해야 한다.
② 진정한 의미의 공평성은 모든 사람이 사회적 부당함에서 벗어날 때 달성된다.
③ 이민자들에게 모국어 강화 훈련과 새로운 언어교육을 병행해 가르쳐야 한다.
④ 공평성을 공평성 중심 접근방식에 의해 더 넓은 관점에서 파악해야 한다.
⑤ 특정 개인이나 단체에게만 자원을 분배하는 것은 공평성에 위반된다.

21. 다음 글의 주제로 가장 적절한 것은?

If you lack stimulating interaction with others, your soul shrinks. Really, it's only through connecting with other human beings that you learn about the world, about yourself, and even about your destiny. After all, other people are a mirror in which you can see yourself. This interconnection enables you to reach your full potential and to strengthen your soul. The Trappist monk Thomas Merton once wrote: "Souls are like athletes who need opponents worthy of them if they are to be tried and extended and pushed to the full use of their powers." That's an insightful analogy, for just as your muscles weaken without physical exercise, so does your soul weaken without its special kinds of exercise. A great exercise for your soul is the practice of giving. As with physical exercise, the more you do it, the easier it is, and the stronger you will become.

*Trappist 트라피스트회(기도·침묵 등을 강조하는 엄격한 수도회)

- ① diversity of Interconnection
- ② importance of physical activities
- ③ reasons for using insightful analogy
- ④ basic elements of good Interconnection
- ⑤ necessity of interconnection with others

22. 다음 글의 제목으로 가장 적절한 것은?

Many of the symptoms of anxiety disorders are in your head, including obsessive thoughts, chronic worry, and irrational fears that can make daily life miserable. But are the symptoms emotionally based, or is there an organic explanation? According to the majority of psychiatrists and mental health professionals today, anxiety disorders fit the definition of disease. This is because theories about the causes of anxiety have changed in recent years and now include possibilities such as chemical imbalances and even speculation that there is an anxiety gene. But some mental health experts, such as Thomas Szasz, author of The Myth of Mental Illness, reject the disease theory for anxiety and other disorders that are without scientific evidence of physical impairment, claiming that behavior alone does not

constitute a disease. Still others state that anxiety has internal characteristics, such as moods and feelings, that cannot be examined by hard science. Many theories exist, and experts in the field are unable to agree on the origins of anxiety disorders or how to treat them.

- ① Anxiety Disorders: Disease or Not?
- ② Mental Illness and the Treatment
- ③ Trace and Myth of Mental Disease
- ④ Aspects of Anxiety and Its Behaviors
- ⑤ Indication of Mental and Physical Illness

23. Hoverbike에 관한 다음 안내문의 내용과 일치하지 않는 것은?

Hoverbike — the World's ONE and ONLY!

Break a World Record and Win \$1,000!

Want to try something absolutely unique? Then get your race face on, lie down and pedal as fast as you can! The Hoverbike is one of the world's most efficient human-powered machines — suspended monorail racing pods! You can race at up to 50 kilometers per hour against the clock or your friends in a 600-meter race.

The bullet-shaped pods run under two inverse tracks that weave 200 meters long and ride 5 meters high. The pods swing freely from left to right, so as your speed picks up you can swing wildly around the corners. Hoverbiking is an all-weather activity — the clear pods protect you from the rain and the metal roof keeps the sun out.

Race and win 1,000-dollar prize money if you can beat the current world record! If that's too much like hard work, just experience a gentle cruise and see the world from a different angle on the pedal-powered system that was selected in 2010 as the most innovative in the world for future eco-friendly public transportation.

*pod 유선형 탑승체

- ① 탑승자가 페달을 밟아서 움직인다.
- ② 시속 50킬로미터까지 속도를 낼 수 있다.
- ③ 속도를 높여 선로의 코너를 돌 때는 흔들림이 심하다.
- ④ 탑승 시 시야를 가리지 않는 유선형 탑승체가 햇빛을 가려 준다.
- ⑤ 세계에서 가장 혁신적인 미래의 친환경 대중교통으로 선정되기도 했다.

32.

Popular public opinion in modern, western cultures seems generally to support the view that there is a positive association in the degree of sentiment felt by people for humans and for animals. A British researcher found that people walking in a park in London were significantly more likely to be spoken to by passersby if they were accompanied by a dog. Experimental studies in which participants are asked to assess photographs of people with or without an accompanying pet have also found that people pictured with a dog tend to be perceived as happier, friendlier, more relaxed and less threatening than those pictured without an animal present. The general conclusion from these studies remains the same: in societies where pet keeping is accepted and participated in by the majority, it likewise appears to be regarded by the majority as _____ in those who indulge in it.

- ① showing prejudice and distrust
- ② displaying qualities of individuality
- ③ reflecting positive social personalities
- ④ indicating shared critical perspectives
- ⑤ expressing religious and spiritual belief

[14년 EBS 수능특강 1강 5번 응용]

33. 다음 글의 빈칸 (A), (B)에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은?

Many sayings contain germs of truth, and some are indeed profound, but they aren't reliable sources of knowledge and can be misleading. _____ (A) _____, take the saying 'You can't teach an old dog new tricks'. This isn't true of all dogs, and certainly isn't true of all human beings: there are many older people who are capable of making radical leaps in their ability. This is not to deny the effects of ageing. The point is that what is roughly true, that as we get older it becomes harder to learn new behaviour, is not true for everyone in every respect. At most the saying captures the idea that it may be difficult to

change the ways of an older person. _____ (B) _____, the saying implies that you can never teach any older person anything new, which is a hasty generalisation and one which is fairly obviously false.

- | | |
|---------------|----------------|
| (A) | (B) |
| ① Therefore | However |
| ② Therefore | In other words |
| ③ In addition | Otherwise |
| ④ For example | However |
| ⑤ For example | In other words |

[14년 EBS 수완(유형편) 5강 2번 응용]

34. 주어진 글 다음에 이어질 글의 순서로 가장 적절한 것은?

Debates about performance enhancement arise in music as well as in sports, and take a similar form.

- (A) Opponents of this practice consider drug-becalmed performance a kind of cheating and argue that part of being a musician is learning to conquer fear the natural way. Defenders of beta-blockers argue that the drugs do not make anyone a better violinist or pianist but simply remove an impediment so that performers can display their true musical gifts.
- (B) Some classical musicians who suffer from stage fright take beta-blockers to calm their nerves before performing. The drugs, designed to treat heart disease, help nervous musicians by reducing the effect of adrenaline, lowering the heart rate, and enabling them to play unimpeded by shaking hands.
- (C) Underlying the debate is a disagreement over the qualities that constitute musical excellence: Is equanimity before a packed house a virtue intrinsic to a great musical performance, or is it merely incidental?

*beta-blocker 베타 수용체 차단약 **equanimity 침착함, 평정

- ① (A)-(C)-(B) ② (B)-(C)-(A) ③ (B)-(A)-(C)
- ④ (C)-(A)-(B) ⑤ (C)-(B)-(A)

38. 다음 글에서 전체의 흐름과 관계가 없는 문장은?

One of the reasons why it is important to understand the causes of environmental problems is that people respond quite differently depending on how they are caused. ❶ A classic example concerns lung cancer deaths caused by inhaling cigarette smoke compared to those caused by radon exposure. ❷ Cigarette-smoking is the leading cause of lung cancer in the United States, killing about 160,000 people per year, while inhaling naturally occurring radon gas is second, killing about 21,000 people per year, seven times as many as die from breathing secondhand smoke. ❸ Yet despite the comparative risks, people are much more motivated to regulate secondhand smoke than radon exposure. ❹ The worry is that when non-smokers are exposed to secondhand smoke they face the same health hazards as smokers. ❺ Our moral psychologies and reactive attitudes are geared to what we do to each other, rather than to what nature does to us even when this is mediated by human agency.

- ① bored and depressed
- ② joyous and excited
- ③ anxious and scared
- ④ surprised and envious
- ⑤ disappointed and regretful

40. 다음 글의 내용을 한 문장으로 요약하고자 한다. 빈칸 (A) 와 (B)에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은?

Selective encoding involves distinguishing irrelevant from relevant information. We are all presented every day with much more information than we can possibly handle. An important task confronting each of us is to select the information that is important for our purposes, and to filter out the information that is not important. Selective encoding is the process by which this filtering is done. Consider, for example, a particularly significant example of selective encoding in science, the unusual means by which Sir Alexander Fleming discovered penicillin. Fleming was performing an experiment that involved growing (or "culturing") bacteria in a petri dish — a little glass or plastic dish that contains a gelatin in which bacteria grow easily. Unfortunately, from some points of view, the culture was spoiled: A mold grew within the culture and killed the bacteria. A lesser scientist would have bemoaned the failure of the experiment and promised to do a better job next time. Fleming, however, noticed that the mold had killed the bacteria, a discovery that provided the basis for his discovery of the important antibiotic, penicillin.

*bemoan 한탄하다



Fleming's ability to see the _____ (A) _____ of the accident eventually lead to the _____ (B) _____ of penicillin.z

- | | |
|---------------|-------------|
| (A) | (B) |
| ① implication | development |
| ② downside | application |
| ③ implication | application |
| ④ downside | development |
| ⑤ aftermath | abolition |

39. 다음 글에 드러난 'T'의 심경으로 가장 적절한 것은? [비연계]

I was allowed to go up alone for much of the time and it was wonderful. How many young men, I kept asking myself, were lucky enough to be allowed to go whizzing and soaring through the sky above a country as beautiful as Kenya? Even the aeroplane and the petrol were free! In the Great Rift Valley, the big game and smaller game were as plentiful as cows on a dairy farm, and I flew low in my little Tiger Moth to look at them. Oh, the animals I saw every day from that cockpit! I would fly for long periods at a height of no more than sixty or seventy feet, gazing down at huge herds of buffalo and wildebeest which would scatter in all directions as I whizzed over. What a fortunate fellow I am, I kept telling myself. Nobody has ever had such a lovely time as this!

*wildebeest: (뿔이 휘어져 있는 큰) 영양

18.

[정답] ⑤

[소재] 용역업체에 업무 협의회 개최 제안

[해석] 귀하가 우리의 인쇄 및 방송 홍보 활동용으로 개발한 창작물과 매체계획이 상당히 좋긴 했지만, 우리가 우려하는 것은 귀하의 회사가 새로운 매체에 관해서 우리가 필요로 하는 종류의 지원을 제공할 능력을 현재 갖추지 못하고 있다는 것입니다. 소프트웨어 제조회사로서 우리가 종전과 다른 매체를 통하여 우리의 주요 목표 대상에게 보이는 것이 중요하고, 더 나아가 우리 회사의 웹사이트는 우리에게 중대한 매체입니다. 제 생각에는, 제게 이 시점에서 두 가지 선택 사항이 있는데, 귀하의 회사가 이 분야에서 우리 회사가 필요로 하는 것을 다루는 방법에 대해 의논하기 위해 제가 귀하와 귀하가 속한 부서의 책임자를 만나거나, 우리 회사의 웹사이트와 온라인 창작물과 온라인 매체 계획을 개발할 또 다른 회사를 고용할 수 있습니다. 두 번째 선택 사항을 고려하기 전에 귀하가 우리에게 제공할 수 있는 방향을 재검토하기 위해 이번 달 말에 모이는 것이 어떨겠습니까? 날짜를 정해서 우리가 이것을 잘되게 할 수 있는지 알아보시다.

[해설]

필자는 이 글을 받는 사람의 회사가 인터넷과 같은 새로운 매체에서 자신의 회사 홍보를 지원할 능력을 갖추지 못하고 있음을 염려하며, 이번 달 말에 모여서 그에 대해 의논할 것을 제안하고 있다. 따라서 이 글의 목적으로는 ⑤가 가장 적절하다.

[어휘]

creative work 창작(물) media plan 매체 계획(광고 메시지를 효과적으로 전달하기 위해서 어떤 매체를 어떻게 결합해서 얼마 동안이나 계속할 것인가 등을 계획하는 것) be equipped to ~ 할 능력이 있다 address 다루다 / 주소 engage = employ = hire 고용하다 review 재검토하다

19.

[정답] ①

[소재] 졸업식의 의미

[해석]

졸업식은 졸업생이 되기 위한 필요조건은 아니다. 하지만 그 의식은 학생들과 그 밖의 참석자들에게 학생들이 중요한 시점에 도달하여 중대한 변화의 시기에 있음을 전달하는 외적인 표시이다. 그 의식에 참석하지 않으면 참석자들이 다른 방식으로 인생이 변화했음을 실감하는 '깨달음'의 순간을 체험할 것 같지는 않다. 학생이 졸업했음을 나타내는 성적증명서에 표시를 남기는 학적 담당자가 졸업식이 전달하는 시간의 경과와 생활환경의 변화를 전달해 주지 못한다. 반면에 졸업식은 졸업생이 되기 위한 충분조건은 아니다. 학생이 그 의식에 참석하지만 실제로 모든 자격 요건을 마치지 못하여 학교에서 그의 성적 증명서에 그가 졸업했다는 표시를 남기지 않는 경우에 그가 졸업식에 참석한다고 해서 졸업생이 되는 것은 아닐 것이다.

[해설]

졸업식은 졸업생에게 중대한 변화의 시기에 있음을 전달하는 외적인 표시이자 깨달음의 순간을 체험하는 것이자 모든 자격 요건을 마쳤다는 의미로 생각할 수 있으므로, ①이 글의 요지로 적절하다.

[어휘]

necessary condition 필요조건 milestone (인생·역사의) 중대시점, 획기적인 사건 participate in ~에 참석하다 ritual 의식, 의식적 행사 otherwise 다른 방식으로 Ah-ha moment 깨달음의 순간 registrar 학적 담당자, 기록원 transcript 성적 증명서 at the same time 반면에(on the other hand) sufficient condition 충분조건 requirement 자격 요건, 필요조건

20.

[정답] ④

[해석]

'공평성 중심의 접근법'에서는 교육 기관의 활동이 사회적, 문화적, 언어적, 그리고 그 밖의 다른 차별을 바로잡기 위해 계획된다. 예를 들어, 이런 활동은 이민자가 모국어를 발전시키면서 동시에 가능한 한 빨리 영어로 배울 수 있도록 교수 언어를 습득하도록 도와주는 제2언어로서의 영어(ESU 프로그램을 포함할 수 있다. 공평성은 사회적 불평등에 의해 만들어진 교육적 결과에서 의성별격차,경제적격차,혹은그밖의어떤다른집단차이에도 적'운될 수 있다. 하지만 공평성 중심의 접근법은 논란의 소지가 많은데, 이는 어떤 학생들은 모든 학생들에게 다 주어지지 않는 자원을 받기 때문이다. 이것은 미국의 신념 체계 속에 깊이 새겨진 (모두가 정확히 똑같은 것을 받는 것으로 이해되는) 공정함에 대한 기본적인 개념에 대해 의문을 제기한다. 하지만, 공평성 중심의 접근법은 '공정함을 더 큰 관점에서 바라보아야 한다고 주장한다. 한 교사가 다음과 같이 비유했다. "모두가 펜을 받지만, 아마도 어떤 사람들은 전에 단지 연필만 사용했기 때문에 그 펜을 사용할 때 도움이 필요할 수도 있다."

[해설]

일부 학생만 특정 자원을 공급 받고 나머지 학생은 공급 받지 못하면 공평성이 지켜지지 않은 것이라는 문제 제기를 할 수 있다. 그러나 이 일부 학생이 이전에 특정 자원을 사용한 경험이 없다면 이들에게 도움을 제공하여 특정 자원을 사용한 경험이 있는 학생들과 동일한 출발선상에 놓이게 해야 한다는 것이 공평성 중심의 접근법에서 주장하는 주요 내용이다. 글의 하반부 "However, an equity-based approach argues that "fairness" has to be seen in a larger perspective. (그러나 공평성 중심의 접근법은 공평성이 더 넓은 관점에서 바라보아야 한다는 점을 주장하고 있다)" 문장에서 작가가 주장하는 바를 읽을 수 있다. 따라서 정답은 ④번이다.

[어휘]

controversial 논란의 소지가 많은 immigrant 이민자 acquire 습득하다, 획득하다 nurture 발전시키다, 육성하다 native tongue 모국어 disparity 차이, 불균형 outcome 결과 injustice 불평등 fundamental 기본적인 embed (마음에)깊이 새겨 두다 analogy 비유, 유추

21.

[정답] ⑤